

/REPORT PREPARED FOR: Sameep Magoo 30/Jan/2023 Welcome to your Personalized Report. This Report is based on your selections on the SMI. It is meant to be a personal development tool, to highlight aspects of your understanding, behaviors and feelings related to your Sustainability Mindset (SM).

You will find observations that you may identify with, others that you vaguely recognize, and others that perhaps don't resonate with you. Keep what you need and what makes sense to you.

You will also find questions to consider, suggestions for things you can try, and information related to the aspects covered in this report, and how these are related to the Sustainability Mindset.

Take your time reading your Report. Pause, take notes, and reflect. It is all about you, and for you. There were no wrong answers in the survey. Only good options and perhaps some that you hadn't thought of.

WHAT YOU WILL FIND IN THE FOLLOWING PAGES

This Personalized Report is organized into several sections. The first section contains a graph, displaying how the different aspects assessed compare to each other, according to your choices in the survey. Those that occupy a larger area are your stronger ones and the narrower or missing ones are aspects of the Sustainability Mindset that are less developed or absent for you, as inferred from the combination of your answers.

The next section presents personalized descriptions of where you find yourself on your journey towards a Sustainability Mindset, in four clusters: Ecological Worldview, Systems Perspective, Emotional Intelligence, and Spiritual Intelligence.

Within each of these clusters you will find what aspects were assessed, and a graph for each aspect displaying how you connect to this topic, whether intellectually, through your actions and behaviors and/or by engaging your emotions.

If you see some areas missing within the graph, it means that either you selected "neither" for that question and therefore we don't have information to report on, or your answers suggest you don't engage in one or more particular areas (cognitive, behavioral or affective). Similarly, if you selected "neither" for all the questions within one aspect, we don't include a graph, since we don't have information to report on.

Each graph is accompanied by a box with a brief explanation, and you will find much more information in the text to include what your choices suggest, why this particular aspect is key for a sustainability mindset, and questions to ponder and suggestions to try.

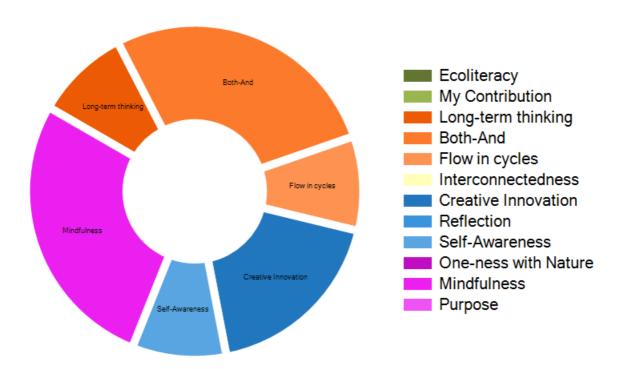
Enjoy your journey into the realm of the Sustainability Mindset - a place where you can be your best, for yourself and for the World.

The SMI Team

Your overall SUSTAINABILITY MINDSET PROFILE

The graph below shows your personal profile, indicating how – relatively to each other – you have developed your Sustainability Mindset. The wider sections indicate your stronger areas, and vice versa.

If you see some aspects listed in the side box that are not included in the graph, it means that these are areas to be considered more closely. It may be that you didn't feel represented by any of the statements to choose from, or it might be that your reality, context, and/or habits prompt you to think, act or feel differently. You will find further comments in this report about these aspects, exploring their up- and downsides.





/ECOLOGICAL WORLDVIEW

An ECOLOGICAL WORLDVIEW is the result of having an intellectual and affective broad understanding of the planetary challenges, how they are interrelated, and how we are contributing to them.

HOW YOU UNDERSTAND THE ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CHALLENGES, AND HOW YOU FEEL ABOUT IT, AND THE IMPACT ON YOUR BEHAVIORS.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE

THAT in terms of Ecoliteracy, you are aware of some facts, but perhaps do not see the larger picture of how different data connect or impact each other.

As a consequence, your sense of urgency is limited and your need to personally change behaviors towards achieving greater sustainability is moderate at best.

/YOU ARE COMFORTABLE focusing on other priorities and demands from your daily life.

We cannot comment on your feelings, since you indicated (by choosing "neither") that you did not feel represented by either of the available options.

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

We are definitely living in a time of information overload. It is challenging to stay on top of all that is happening, while keeping up with our own obligations and activities. Furthermore, sustainability news tends to be on the negative side, creating doomsday scenarios and scary prophecies that can trigger anxiety, and not precisely inspiring us to act. We may tend to avoid the news because it makes us feel bad, sad, or concerned.

Yet we tend to underestimate our own power and influence in shaping a better world. As a matter of fact, if the challenges we are currently experiencing are a product of past problematic behaviors, then we are also positively shaping the

future of the planet with our current mindful decisions and restorative actions. That opens up one interesting path.

Understanding the scope of the sustainability challenges, from the environmental and social perspective, allows us to start noticing linkages, relationships and connections. The other powerful path is in our emotions. When we allow ourselves to connect from the heart with the reality of the news and find small ways to change our behavior, we are more present and don't need to live with our divided selves.

This can be more fulfilling.



Understanding the state of the planet allows us to be more fully aware of the challenges, the complexity of how they are linked to each other, and to explore what it means to us.

HOW YOU SEE THE RELATION
BETWEEN INDIVIDUAL DECISIONS
AND PLANETARY CHALLENGES, HOW
YOU FEEL ABOUT IT AND THE
IMPACT ON YOUR PERSONAL
BEHAVIORS.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE

THAT you maintain an emotional distance with the planet's social or environmental problems, by expecting others to fix. After all, you didn't cause them.

This can be a useful coping strategy. Perhaps you sense that you would be overwhelmed by emotions while feeling powerless to solve those problems. We cannot comment further on your thinking or behaviors related to this topic, since you indicated (by choosing "neither") that you did not feel represented by either of the available options.

THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN FURTHER LEVERAGE THOSE STRENGTHS AND MANAGE SOME OF THE LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY BE HOLDING YOU BACK:

When problems seem exceedingly large, you hope that someone will eventually intervene. Yet, this perspective also can cause stress, as it assumes we are victims at the mercy of powerful external forces or individuals.

There may be another way to look at this: What if you could identify small ways in which you realize that you are contributing to the problem, and then, begin to explore changes that are within your control?

Certainly you will not solve the bigger problems, but to begin with you may feel more empowered, less at the mercy of others, and playing a role that you may actually enjoy. Food for thought.

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

Thinking of how we are personally contributing to the planetary challenges may not be something we do daily. Our demanding lives have many obligations and don't leave much time for reflecting on this. We are busy getting things done!

Yet when analyzing the current un-sustainability of our planet, science has clearly established a link between human behaviors in past decisions and the current problems we face. Much attention is now focused on how to repair the damage done, and how to restore damaged, depleted or endangered resources. Scientists and entrepreneurs study how to minimize current or future problems at the environmental or social level, and how to innovate to avoid negative impacts into the future.

If we collectively influenced the place we find ourselves in now (with all of its problems), that means we also hold the key to influence where we will collectively be in the future – we meaning humankind at large, or, from a closer perspective, our families, children and grandchildren.

/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

What if you could develop the habit of asking yourself periodically: how am I contributing to this problem? This question opens a path of inquiry, which automatically leads to expansion of your consciousness. You become more alert to take notice, and thus more open to try out new behaviors.

This same question, by the way, is also a powerful tool that can improve your relationships and interactions with others! So often we focus on what others are doing unto us, which leaves us powerless. When we learn to pay attention to what is our role in the problems we endure, we regain control and can actually do something.

Actively thinking about how we might be contributing to environmental or social problems

makes us better planetary citizens. At the same time, this enhanced awareness is an important milestone in our broader personal development.



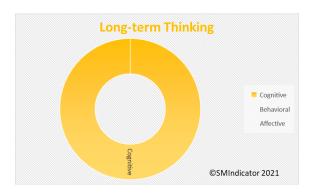
When we identify the ways in which we are unintentionally contributing to the problems, we have a chance to do something about them. It also expands our consciousness, and develops social sensitivity.



/SYSTEMS PERSPECTIVE

When analyzing information and making decisions a SYSTEMS PERSPECTIVE has a major impact on the sustainability of our actions.

/WHAT IS ASSESSED HERE:
HOW YOU THINK ABOUT THE LONGTERM IMPACT WHEN ANALYZING
AND MAKING DECISIONS,
COMPLEMENTING SHORT-TERM
THINKING; HOW YOU FEEL ABOUT
IT, AND THE IMPACT ON YOUR
BEHAVIORS.



What this tells you:

This graph shows only one dimension – cognitive - indicating that you have knowledge about this aspect, without necessarily connecting it with your behaviors. You might use this information to seek ways to convert your understanding into action.

We don't have enough data to report about your feelings on this topic.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE

THAT you have a good understanding of the long-term sustainability impacts that our decisions may have, even the simple and daily ones, not to mention behaviors commonly accepted in our society.

At the same time, you are pragmatic and prefer to focus on the short term when trying to solve a problem, because it seems more tangible, concrete and functional. It saves time, or so it seems.

/YOU ARE COMFORTABLE looking for quick and efficient ways to address a situation and seeking to simplify matters. You are a good problem solver. Acting promptly is important for you, and it provides you and others with a sense of control and direction.

We cannot comment on your feelings related to this topic, since you indicated (by choosing "neither") that you did not feel represented by either of the available options.

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

There is a tacit pressure to act promptly and focus on that which needs immediate attention. This is very important, and there are many circumstances where this way of responding is the optimal, or even the only one that matters. A fire in the house, for example. We can sense the urgency and it is not a good idea to pause and reflect on the long-term implications of the fire.

But for many daily decisions, the context is different, and yet we still prioritize short term thinking, often without even pondering any medium- or long-term impacts of what we are doing. The stream of life, our colleagues, perhaps everyone with whom we interact takes for granted that we "all" act this way.

On the other hand, with greater understanding of the social and environmental problems we are facing, it has become clear that the law of cause-and-effect is always at play, even if not immediately obvious. In other words, the consequences of our daily actions do have impacts - some over time, some just in a different geography, and many on both.

As with other aspects which are key for a sustainability mindset, it is not a question of choosing one over the other, but a matter of balancing both views and taking both time horizons into account.

/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

This mental habit expands our consciousness, as we become more aware of the way we are impacting others and the world. Not thinking about this doesn't stop it from happening. Stretching our imagination to consider potential impacts across time helps us make better decisions, and play a more active role in shaping a better world.

For example, what might be some long-term consequences for sustainability of a purchasing decision you recently made? What would your latest decision look like if you had considered these potential long-term impacts?

It takes practice to develop new mental habits, but they too, can have long term impacts - for the better.



Every action has consequences that are not immediately visible. Considering the long-term when analyzing situations and making decisions has a positive impact on global sustainability.

HOW YOU THINK ABOUT AND DEAL WITH AMBIGUITY AND PARADOXES, HOW YOU RECOGNIZE DIVERSITY, FEEL ABOUT IT AND ACT TOWARDS IT.



What this tells you:

This graph shows that your approach to the assessed topic is both cognitive and affective, but you are not necessarily translating what you know and feel into actions. You might use this information to explore new habits and daily changes for a sustainability purpose.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE

THAT you are an empathic person who knows how important it is to listen to other perspectives, and to find solutions that can accommodate diverse needs.

Not being inclusive may also make you feel guilty, selfish, righteous, or irresponsible. This is your internal compass!

At the same time, you are a pragmatic person that likes clarity in life. You are most comfortable with clear choices - black and white options - and find a sense of stability and reassurance in holding onto your values and your worldview. When faced

with a new situation, you seek to rapidly frame it within what you have learned is "right" or "wrong."

This may be useful for avoiding gray areas, although it may also create a tension: is it possible to balance honoring your values, what "feels right", with accepting very opposite positions?

THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN FURTHER LEVERAGE YOUR STRENGTHS AND MANAGE SOME OF THE LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY BE HOLDING YOU BACK:

Welcome to life! You are not alone in the struggle. You already have come far in your personal journey, as you can empathize with others and take a glance into their world.

What are the boundaries? In what areas is inclusive thinking and acting easy for you, and which situations are more challenging? This is your work.

You have a very valuable characteristic, particularly in our sustainability-challenged times, where the solutions to our environmental or social problems have to be found considering a wide array of interests and needs.

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

Many of our world's sustainability challenges originate in choices such as: "either the planet or the economy" and "either protect the wolves or the farmer." Yet, either-or choices can be misleading, and have us believe there are win-lose solutions that work.

But do they really? If the cost is high, do they still work? When we find ourselves in a situation where

we see it the right way, and others are wrong, what may we be missing that these others are seeing? How could we all benefit from having a fuller picture?

It seems that today, more than ever, we are collectively being confronted with paradoxes and ambiguity. Increased transparency and access to information from around the world makes us aware of very different ways of thinking, being and acting with which we may not agree or be comfortable.

Challenging as this may be, there is a benefit to it: We are becoming aware of our own worldviews just by realizing that there are other ways of seeing and feeling. This is an evolutionary insight of great value, the foundation for more peaceful societies.

In a way, life is prompting us to expand our understanding and our scope of caring, which go hand in hand. When we understand something, we can begin caring. This is the start of a better world for all.

It is wonderful to experience our perspective included by others. Since we cannot control what others think or do, but have control over our own way of thinking, there may be an interesting path worth exploring here.

/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

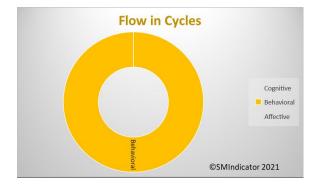
Which are situations where either-or thinking is appropriate, and when do we need a creative both-and solution?

There are multiple daily opportunities to convert your natural empathy into inclusive behaviors. Any thoughts?



Both+and thinking allows us to understand paradoxes, and calls for creative solutions that are inclusive of all stakeholders.

/WHAT IS ASSESSED HERE:
HOW YOU BALANCE YOUR CAPACITY
TO ANALYZE AND PLAN WITH THE
UNDERSTANDING OF NATURAL
CYCLES, AND MAKE THEM PART OF
YOUR MINDSET.



What this tells you:

This graph shows only one dimension – behavioral - indicating that you are action- oriented without much engagement of your feelings. You might use this information to explore your emotions.

We don't have enough data to report on your understanding about this aspect.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE

THAT you are able to adapt to different situations, accepting that reality frequently differs from what you planned.

We cannot comment on how you think about this topic, since you indicated (by choosing "neither") that you did not find yourself represented by either of the available options.

YOU ARE COMFORTABLE accepting that things grow, but not forever because there is also decline and death. In your day-to-day, this may mean, for example, accepting ageing and

mortality, endings of relationships or certain phases in your life, and new beginnings as well.

In another context, it means that, as brilliant as the human mind is, we are still part of nature, not its controller-in-charge. This is a valuable attitude, because it may make your life easier. Like swimming along with the river's current, it increases your speed, and reduces the stress of resisting obstacles.

/THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN FURTHER LEVERAGE THOSE STRENGTHS AND MANAGE SOME OF THE LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY BE HOLDING YOU BACK:

At the same time, you indicate that you feel more alive when making plans and implementing them, and derive a sense of fulfillment and satisfaction when you achieve goals you set for yourself. These are nice feelings, particularly as they avoid the stress of uncertainty.

While planning is a way to feel in control of situations, you know that it is constantly challenged since life - with its countless variables - is too complex to be managed. It may be that same frustration, when things don't work out as you planned or expected, that reminds you to let go and observe what the events are telling you. What happens when you do so?

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

You may be wondering why planning is related to several key aspects for a sustainability mindset. The connection is not in the planning as an activity per se, but in the way we think and process information when we plan. Planning is about organizing and structuring in order to control outcomes. Planning is linear by definition -one step after the other - and it assumes cause-effect

relationships. But what about multi-effects, multi-causes, and feedback loops?

Contrast this with the sustainability problems we are facing. To begin with, they are complex and multidimensional by their very nature. Many are the result of our linear thinking, for example we believe that we can pursue unlimited growth, yet depletion of natural resources shows us this is not possible.

Our reliance on the human mind can create a collective assumption that we are in control, but a "small" manifestation like Covid-19 arrives as a surprise to debunk the myth of our own superiority.

Planning in itself is not the problem but rather, excessive reliance on carefully crafted steps, and forgetting the natural cycles of growth and decline.

There are no linear processes in Nature: Everything flows in cycles of birth, growth, death, and rebirth.

Many aspects of man-made unsustainability of the planet are a result of the misconception that we are not governed by this law of Nature.



/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

Here a few thoughts to ponder. Do you see yourself balanced in terms of making and letting go of plans? How do you balance structure and flow, organization and flexibility? What do you see as your personal development challenges in this aspect?

/WHAT IS ASSESSED HERE:
HOW YOU UNDERSTAND AND
EXPERIENCE INTERCONNECTEDNESS,
VERSUS VALUES LIKE AUTONOMY
AND INDEPENDENCE.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE

THAT you thrive in contexts where you can compete and work towards being your personal best. We cannot further comment on how you think or feel about this topic, since you indicated (by choosing "neither") that you did not find yourself represented by any of the available options.

However, being self-sufficient as much as possible seems to be an important goal and your achievements may be a welcome validation of your autonomy and personal capabilities in action.

/THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN FURTHER LEVERAGE YOUR STRENGTHS AND MANAGE SOME OF THE LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY BE HOLDING YOU BACK:

This combination of aspects can come at a price. It is not always possible to live up to other people's expectations, not to mention our own, which often are even higher!

Furthermore, in many settings where teamwork or collaboration is expected, it may be challenging to balance your individual performance with the collective contributions, and your personal efforts, gifts or skills may go unrecognized, or possibly even unappreciated.

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

You may not have given it much thought, but the polarities of independence vs. interconnectedness

and competition vs. collaboration are of particular relevance when focusing on sustainability. To begin with, the environmental and social challenges are complex and multidimensional, making it impossible for any one person to solve on their own. It is only through collective thinking, action and the collaboration of multiple stakeholders that we will be able to develop alternatives. (This, by the way, makes sustainability a great opportunity for contributing personal skills to a larger cause).

While certain cultures have a collectivistic framework, most of the western-northern culture - widely exported and globalized - is individualistic and celebrates personal achievement. However, is this realistic and even feasible?

/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

Let's pause for a moment: Can you name one achievement that was purely and authentically your own without another person playing any role in it?

We invite you to explore what autonomy means for you. What are the roots of this value for you, perhaps in your upbringing or in your current context? Is this authentically a priority for you, or is it something automatically inherited, or adopted without giving it much thought?

When we see interconnectedness, we understand the importance of diversity, and our decisions and actions become more inclusive, which contributes to the sustainability of the whole.

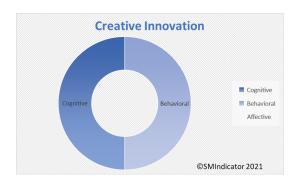




/EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE

Understanding ourselves through the anchors of our identity, the pace of our life, and how we consider our intuitive wisdom are key for a sustainability mindset.

HOW YOU INCORPORATE NON-RATIONAL INFORMATION, INTUITIVE KNOWING, CREATIVITY AND IMAGINATION IN ORDER TO BALANCE RATIONAL THINKING, AND HOW YOU FEEL ABOUT IT.



What this tells you:

This graph shows the two dimensions of cognitive and behavioral, meaning that you have an intellectual understanding of this aspect, and you also act upon it. We don't have enough data to report if or how you connect with your feelings related to this item.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE

THAT you have a clear understanding of the value of combining your logical and analytical thinking abilities with creative imagination.

You know that the human mind is capable of great accomplishments, as history has shown, when intuition and creative ideas are coupled with rational thinking and good strategies. You may even trust that our sustainability problems could

be addressed with a good balance of these abilities.

/YOU ARE COMFORTABLE WHEN you can contribute by putting your "creative hat" on, by being playful, by not preemptively censoring your ideas, and even tolerating the uncertainty of not

knowing how something will work out. You seem able to live with a certain degree of risk-taking, and based on your answers, that worked well for you. How did that feel?

This question comes because we cannot comment on your feelings related to this topic, as you indicated (by choosing "neither") that you did not find yourself represented by either of the available options. Do you enjoy your playful thinking, while the mainstream may be more linear and rational? Do you balance these two ways of thinking yourself, or do you seek for complementary inputs?

/THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN FURTHER LEVERAGE YOUR STRENGTHS AND MANAGE SOME OF THE LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY BE HOLDING YOU BACK:

It seems that you have a reservoir of imagination and perhaps intuitive wisdom, which you are already tapping into. Do you fully trust your intuition, or do you still have to develop that comfort a bit more?

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

You know that the sustainability challenges we are facing are largely new, and as COVID-19 taught us,

increasingly situations arise for which we don't have previous experience or science on which to rely. We have become more aware of this complexity of our challenges, and we are skeptical of simplistic solutions.

However this also requires entry into uncharted territories. Resilience calls for flexibility in adapting to new situations, and this entails innovating and experimenting, as you indicate you sometimes do. Definitely having no clear blueprints to follow may be disturbing, yet there are no choices but to take some risks. And fortunately you can handle them.

Resilience is based on constant creativity, innovation, and experimentation. When we neglect the non-rational wisdom we have in us, our solutions are missing critical information, and may create negative impacts on the ecosystem and society.



/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

It seems that your creative aspects complement your strategic thinking, and maximize your achievements. Have you identified in which situations you can best balance your rational thinking and your intuitive wisdom? Do you know what holds you back to do this more, or more frequently?

It might be for the benefit of all.

HOW YOU NOTICE YOUR OWN PACE, AND HOW YOU BALANCE RAPID RESPONSE WITH MAKING TIME TO PONDER AND REFLECT BEFORE ACTING. AND HOW THIS MAKES YOU FEEL.

/YOUR SMI CHOICES INDICATE THAT

you are a true citizen of our times!

You see the importance of swift actions in a world that you believe is unforgiving of slow-movers. You know that the present day pace is fast or highly accelerated, depending upon who you ask.

/YOU ARE COMFORTABLE:

This fits you well, as you have no concerns about making a quick assessment of a situation and acting promptly. You are a quick thinker, and while you may overlook some details, you consider that your decisiveness also helps stimulate those that are more hesitant. Speed is justified.

We cannot comment on your feelings about this topic, since you indicated (by choosing "neither") that you did not find yourself represented by either of the available options.

/THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN FURTHER LEVERAGE YOUR STRENGTHS AND MANAGE SOME OF THE LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY BE HOLDING YOU BACK:

Questions for reflection: Does it ever happen that you wish you could relax, slow down and do nothing? Does your body, your mind or perhaps your soul call for less stress, or even a break? What message might be there for you, waiting to be heard?

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

Since we are looking at these aspects from the perspective of a sustainability mindset, let's pause and think about what behaviors might be most effective as well as much needed.

While there is a call for urgent action about climate change and the related social and environmental problems, many modern sustainability challenges are actually the result of overlooked potential impacts.

For decades, well-intended decisions were largely made by quickly identifying the best option. But today we are understanding better that problems are complex, that solutions impact a multiplicity of future stakeholders, and that there are always consequences. Of course, it is not possible to anticipate all scenarios, but pausing and checking assumptions as you do it can be very useful to avoid future problems.

/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

For example, what can you learn to avoid or repeat from past experiences? Can you identify in hindsight, what was at stake? When we have more information we can better weigh alternatives. All of this, however, is at odds with speed. We cannot both act fast and ponder carefully.

The question becomes: Is decisiveness and fast action coming at an expensive price for you and others, us, the next generations, and the ecosystem?

Food for thought!

Reflective practices help to pause, and to ponder the situation and its implications before jumping into action.



HOW AWARE YOU ARE ABOUT THE ANCHORS OF YOUR IDENTITY AND YOUR VALUES; HOW YOU FEEL AND ACT IN CONSEQUENCE.



What this tells you:

This graph shows only one dimension – behavioral indicating that you are action- oriented without much engagement of your feelings. You might use this information to explore your emotions.

We don't have enough data to report on your understanding about this aspect.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE

THAT you notice an increasing trend to highlight the negative consequences of progress, of capitalism, or of society in general, and this seems to make you feel uncomfortable, even upset.

It is possible that you, yourself, sense a personal tension between the gravity of what we are facing as humanity and your individual bewilderment about what you might actually do to help prevent or solve the problems. For example, you may feel that climate change is too complex to be attributed to our mere daily behaviors.

In addition, the tension may put into question the values with which you were raised or grew up, and this is likely an uncomfortable experience, particularly if these values are important for you, or are an important part of your identity. For instance, achievement, competition, being a winner, not being a loser, and success may be important foundations of who you are. You may wonder what makes them suddenly wrong!?

These may be difficult dilemmas for you right now.

We cannot comment further on your thinking about this topic, since you indicated (by choosing "neither") that you did not find yourself represented by either of the available options.

/HERE COMES A SURPRISE:

The choices you made in the survey, however, provide a surprising insight: You have been noticing that many of your automatic behaviors are not very environmentally friendly, or perhaps have some kind of negative social impact. This seems to have motivated you to try to make some changes, although it might not have been easy.

Nevertheless, this is a very important moment of awareness: change starts with our noticing some discomfort about something, and wanting to do something about it to feel better (or at least less bad). In this case, you seem to have achieved this very important step.

Of course it can be overwhelming to think of the complex problems. But what if you start small?

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

Let's pause for a moment. This survey was designed around the Sustainability Mindset, which is a way of thinking and being, to optimally adapt to the moment in which we are living. This Mindset focuses on using our natural gifts to shape a better future, for ourselves and for all, the ecosystem included. Research has proven that what may sound overwhelming, actually can be broken down into small, realistic ways to contribute to the greater good, and feel great at the same time. The first step is taking a fresh look at what surrounds us. Undoubtedly, there are social and environment related challenges everywhere. Some happen locally, others across borders.

Science has been linking many of these issues to human behaviors, such as consumption of unhealthy foods, depletion of natural resources, pollution or contamination of air, soil and water. And we are left to deal with the consequences today, trapped in a paradigm that prioritizes that prioritizes values that have a negative impact, such as thoughtless consumption.

But what if we would realize that some our habits today are (unintentionally) contributing to more of these problems in the future? And vice versa: What if a change in a small habit today could do its part to shape a better future?

/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

Can you think of another habit of yours that might qualify? We don't know what we can until we try. And when we put aside cynicism for a moment, we actually may feel a deep sense of joy. Sometimes we shift our values as a result of a new experience. Worth trying, right?

When we explore our personal values, beliefs, assumptions and motivations, we gain greater control over our actions and we can see new alternative behaviors.





/SPIRITUAL INTELLIGENCE

The spiritual orientation to Nature, to ourselves and to others are key factors for a Sustainability Mindset, as they impact the quality of our actions.

HOW YOU EXPERIENCE NATURE, HOW YOU UNDERSTAND THE HUMAN RELATIONSHIP WITH NATURE, AND YOUR RELATED FEELINGS AND BEHAVIORS.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE

THAT your behaviors are based on a worldview in which humans are the most evolved and intelligent species, proven through many achievements and improvements in our quality of life.

/THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN LEVERAGE YOUR STRENGTHS AND MANAGE SOME OF THE LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY BE HOLDING YOU BACK:

The evolution of science has also shown that findings are made within the constraints of available instruments, paradigms or assumptions. Many myopic or biased conclusions have been revealed with the passage of time, the development of more precise measurement techniques and revolutionary thinking. Biomimicry, a discipline studying how Nature solves problems, has been highlighting the wisdom of billions of years of evolution, and suggesting that we may find more answers in Nature than through our human intellect.

In fact, indigenous people have demonstrated a more resilient lifestyle, based on an intuitive connection to Nature.

You indicate some emotional distance with Nature, as if you might not have any specific feelings towards the natural world.

Do you really experience it in this way? Or is it, perhaps, that you find yourself so consumed by life's demands that there are little/no opportunities to pause, relax, and simply be with yourself in a natural environment?

We cannot comment on your knowledge about this topic, since you indicated (by choosing "neither") that you did not find yourself represented by either of the available options.

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

The human-centric paradigm that we collectively adopted and believe has begun to show some shortcomings, inviting us to revisit our place and role in the larger ecosystem. Some betterments have come at a cost for the environment or society, and we are collectively paying the price, for example, soil erosion or waterway contamination from chemical crop fertilizers meant to enhance soil productivity.

What are some undesirable consequences of human progress that you have personally experienced? What message may be in this for you?

According to a 2018 United Nations study, over 55% of the world's population lives in urban areas, a proportion that is expected to increase to 68% by 2050. As a result, for many of us, the disconnection from Nature is rather "natural." Hectic life in large cities makes it difficult for us to remember that we are more than individuals moving through traffic and buildings. The common associations with the word "Nature" may be vacation time, a park or a documentary. What about our food? Our body? The materials of every object we use?

This disconnection from Nature leads to a utilitarian relationship: Nature is reduced to

instrumental resources for human needs and wants.

What consequences do you see from having a utilitarian relationship with Nature?

Here is a thought to ponder: The artificial separation of the individual from the ecosystem has been found as causing not only spiritual alienation, but is the root cause for many unsustainability behaviors. When we understand something we start caring for it.

Understanding that we are one with Nature is a sensorial, intuitive experience. It is not something to be learned, but rather something that we allow to occur, and which makes us remember the sense of oneness we have always known, but had forgotten.

Understanding that we are one with Nature, a species within species, is a powerful spiritual experience that can shape behaviors leading to a more harmonious relationship with each other and all beings.



/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

It is impossible to guess your particular context, and your current priorities. But we invite you to give yourself an unusual gift: Spend an hour in Nature, on your own, without looking at your phone, and with no books, pets or other people. If you have never experienced this, you are up for a very special treat!

HOW YOU THINK ABOUT THE MEANING, ROLE AND VALUE OF MINDFULNESS AND ITS PRACTICE, AND HOW YOU FEEL ABOUT IT.



What this tells you:

This graph shows two dimensions, the behavioral and affective. This means that you connect emotionally with this aspect, and act upon it, perhaps without a full understanding of why it is important. You may find it interesting to deepen your understanding of this principle.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE

THAT you have a pragmatic approach to life.

You are very aware that society rewards action and its ensuing achievements, rather than inaction and passivity, which is kind of what mindfulness practice seems to you. You may be aware that other cultures have different behavioral patterns from the one in which you live, but you are cognizant of the importance of adapting to the culture to which you belong. As the saying goes, "when in Rome do as the Romans do".

You realize there may be an impact on our health and wellness, like being in a race to pursue the moving targets of our goals.

You indicate that you have discovered activities that quiet your mind, and help you gain some inner peace. You may not make these a regular practice, but when you engage in them, you can recognize the positive effect they have on your wellbeing. At the same time, it seems quite challenging for you to make the time and space for these moments.

/THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN FURTHER LEVERAGE YOUR STRENGTHS AND MANAGE SOME OF THE LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY BE HOLDING YOU BACK:

Studies show the physical and emotional consequences of a constant focus on doing while overlooking the more profound dimensions of 'being," such as reflection, spiritual or religious practices, time to recharge and find ourselves, and time to connect with our deeper self.

You have experienced it firsthand: When you allow some time to nurture this neglected part of yourself, you experience a positive impact on how you feel about yourself, and how you interact with others. At the same time, it seems quite challenging to make the time and space for those moments.

Sometimes you hear people say "you should do less, you should relax, you should take time for yourself", and these suggestions may sound anywhere from unreal to ridiculous from your perspective, since you are the one living with the challenges. Of course you know what you 'should' do, but you are doing your best all the time.

Pausing and stepping away from our task clears our mind, and we can get back with renewed energy. Is this something you remember to do when you need it? If not, how could you help yourself remember it just in time?

/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

So here are some questions for you to contemplate.

Has it ever occurred to you that the fact that "everyone lives like this" may not necessarily make it ideal? Have you ever reflected on the high value our world gives to consumption, linking "who we are" with "what we have or own"? How do these thoughts align with your experience, and with your values? Does your reality reflect the priorities that are important for you? If not, what are some small changes you can make?

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

From the perspective of a sustainability mindset, mindfulness is both a key practice and an amazing result. Research has shown a direct link between individuals that have some contemplative practices not just with their physical and psychological health, but also with the emergence of feelings of empathy and compassion.

This creates a disposition towards positive social and environmental actions, and the resulting satisfaction feeds a positive reinforcing loop. In other words, the better we feel about something we've done, the more we seek to repeat the experience.

When we access and display a more balanced version of ourselves, we convey an unspoken message to the people with whom we interact, not just by what we say or how we behave, but through our attitude and energy. This has a proven positive influence on others, as science has identified with the phenomenon of "emotional contagion."

In other words, when we develop a sense of peace for ourselves, we are also radiating a gift of peace to the world. What are some ideas to try out? Mindfulness is being fully present, experiencing connectedness with all that is. Mindfulness enhances awareness and compassion, and predisposes to social and environmental actions.



WHAT YOU THINK ABOUT HAVING A PURPOSE IN LIFE, PARTICULARLY SOMETHING THAT IS IN SERVICE TO OTHERS; HOW THIS FITS YOUR REALITY AND HOW YOU FEEL ABOUT IT.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE

THAT you know how to set priorities, because what is urgent needs attention before what sounds important, like thinking about what is our purpose in life.

This is an important skill in times when there seem to be more obligations and things we are expected to take care of, than hours in a day. Work, family, relationships, career or health issues can use up all your available energy, often even leaving you with the feeling that nothing you do is enough. When topics arise like contributing to society, you believe this may be something to do once your other obligations diminish and you free up some time, hopefully in retirement.

We cannot comment further on how you think or feel about this topic, since you indicated (by choosing "neither") that you did not feel represented by any of the available options.

/THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN LEVERAGE YOUR STRENGTHS AND MANAGE SOME OF THE LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY BE HOLDING YOU BACK:

All that said, research has shown that individuals who engage in activities of service to the community, volunteering or some kind of initiative

for the greater good have a higher sense of wellbeing than those who do not. This includes benefits to health, feelings of joy, increased selfesteem, and personal satisfaction.

In contrast, you may have personally experienced that focusing on the extreme demands of your life sometimes takes a toll on your health, your mood, creating tension or anxiety, disrupts your sleep or impacts how you interact with others. Oftentimes, you don't feel happy with yourself or with others.

Have you asked yourself what you could do to feel better, to lower your stress? Perhaps you have, but the answer you found may have been as long as your demands remain high, there is not much you can do.

So here, again, are some questions to evaluate:

Which of the activities that you engage in are a necessity, a "must-do," and which ones represent a choice? Who would do these activities if it were not you? What would it take to let go of some activities, or perhaps of "how" you do them?

These questions have an agenda: to help you free up some time and space to try out a different experience, one that consists of something you do for others outside your inner circle.

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

The research regarding core aspects for a sustainability mindset identified the role of activities intentionally done for the "greater good." The state of our planet is such that it requires each of us to step up and play an active role in shaping a better world.

The actions needed, whether large or small, share a similar result: they provide us with a feeling of

joy, which then we want to replicate in order to feel good again, thus creating a reinforcing loop. Interestingly, we tend to think that we need to take care of ourselves first, before helping others, but the facts show that when we do small acts of kindness for others, we feel much better ourselves.

/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

With this in mind, what are some experiments you are willing to try? What are some things for the greater good that you have already done, and perhaps could repeat, do regularly, or improve?

Don't be intimidated by lofty phrases like "changing the world" or having a life's mission or purpose. In fact, each small act of kindness comes with an impact that we may never be able to imagine. That also changes the world, one positive interaction at a time.

Defining our purpose provides an unconscious compass, and when it is grounded in values of our higher self, we actively shape a better world.



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and provide us with a brief (1 min) Feedback.

Thank you!

