



Sustainability
Mindset
Indicator®

**/REPORT
PREPARED FOR:
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Pd/Guru
10/May/2023**

Welcome to your Personalized Report. This Report is based on your selections on the SMI. It is meant to be a personal development tool, to highlight aspects of your understanding, behaviors and feelings related to your Sustainability Mindset (SM).

You will find observations that you may identify with, others that you vaguely recognize, and others that perhaps don't resonate with you. Keep what you need and what makes sense to you.

You will also find questions to consider, suggestions for things you can try, and information related to the aspects covered in this report, and how these are related to the Sustainability Mindset.

Take your time reading your Report. Pause, take notes, and reflect. It is all about you, and for you. There were no wrong answers in the survey. Only good options and perhaps some that you hadn't thought of.

/WHAT YOU WILL FIND IN THE FOLLOWING PAGES

This Personalized Report is organized into several sections. The first section contains a graph, displaying how the different aspects assessed compare to each other, according to your choices in the survey. Those that occupy a larger area are your stronger ones and the narrower or missing ones are aspects of the Sustainability Mindset that are less developed or absent for you, as inferred from the combination of your answers.

The next section presents personalized descriptions of where you find yourself on your journey towards a Sustainability Mindset, in four clusters: Ecological Worldview, Systems Perspective, Emotional Intelligence, and Spiritual Intelligence.

Within each of these clusters you will find what aspects were assessed, and a graph for each aspect displaying how you connect to this topic, whether intellectually, through your actions and behaviors and/or by engaging your emotions.

If you see some areas missing within the graph, it means that either you selected "neither" for that question and therefore we don't have information to report on, or your answers suggest you don't engage in one or more particular areas (cognitive, behavioral or affective). Similarly, if you selected "neither" for all the questions within one aspect, we don't include a graph, since we don't have information to report on.

Each graph is accompanied by a box with a brief explanation, and you will find much more information in the text to include what your choices suggest, why this particular aspect is key for a sustainability mindset, and questions to ponder and suggestions to try.

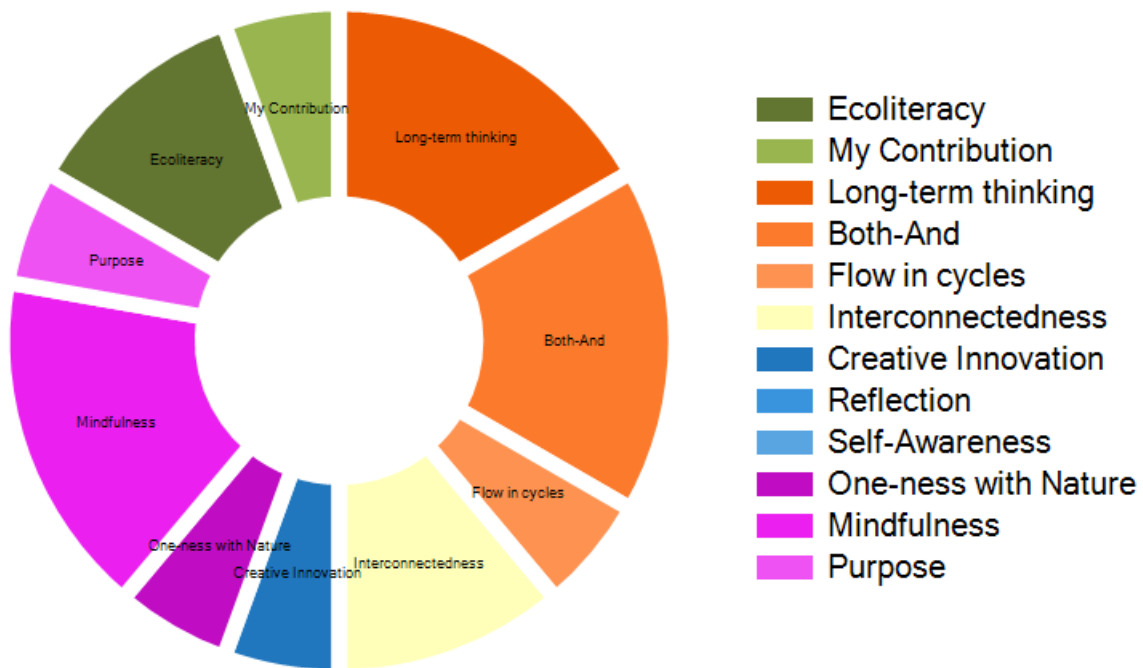
Enjoy your journey into the realm of the Sustainability Mindset - a place where you can be your best, for yourself and for the World.

The SMI Team

/ Your overall
**SUSTAINABILITY
MINDSET PROFILE**

The graph below shows your personal profile, indicating how – relatively to each other – you have developed your Sustainability Mindset. The wider sections indicate your stronger areas, and vice versa.

If you see some aspects listed in the side box that are not included in the graph, it means that these are areas to be considered more closely. It may be that you didn't feel represented by any of the statements to choose from, or it might be that your reality, context, and/or habits prompt you to think, act or feel differently. You will find further comments in this report about these aspects, exploring their up- and downsides.

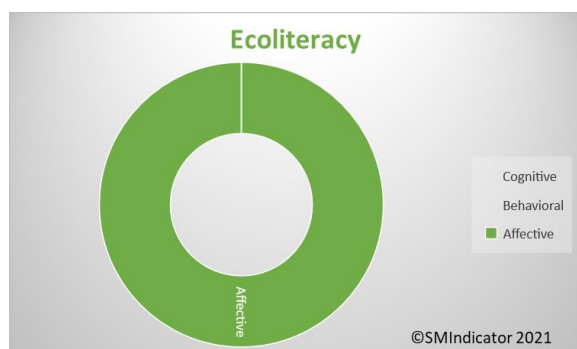




/ECOLOGICAL WORLDVIEW

An ECOLOGICAL WORLDVIEW is the result of having an intellectual and affective broad understanding of the planetary challenges, how they are interrelated, and how we are contributing to them.

**/WHAT IS ASSESSED HERE:
HOW YOU UNDERSTAND THE
ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL
CHALLENGES, AND HOW YOU FEEL
ABOUT IT, AND THE IMPACT ON
YOUR BEHAVIORS.**



What this tells you:

This graph shows the affective dimension, meaning that you connect emotionally with this aspect. We don't have data to report if or how these feelings relate to your understanding and behaviors.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE THAT you are socially sensitive and have empathy for the suffering of others. We cannot comment on how these feelings relate to your thinking or behaviors, since you indicated (by choosing "neither") that you did not feel represented by either of the available options.

/THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN FURTHER LEVERAGE THOSE STRENGTHS AND MANAGE SOME OF THE LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY BE HOLDING YOU BACK:

It is possible that this sensitivity may be creating some emotional stress, perhaps feelings of being overwhelmed by a reality that you think you cannot change. But is it really so, that you cannot influence and make a difference?

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

We are definitely living in a time of information overload. It is challenging to stay on top of all that is happening, while keeping up with our own obligations and activities. Furthermore, sustainability news tends to be on the negative side, creating doomsday scenarios and scary prophecies that can trigger anxiety, and not precisely inspiring us to act. We may tend to avoid the news because it makes us feel bad, sad, or concerned.

Yet we tend to underestimate our own power and influence in shaping a better world. As a matter of fact, if the challenges we are currently experiencing are a product of past problematic behaviors, then we are also positively shaping the future of the planet with our current mindful decisions and restorative actions. Understanding the scope of the sustainability challenges, from the environmental and social perspective, allows us to start noticing linkages, relationships and connections.

The other powerful path is in our emotions.

/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

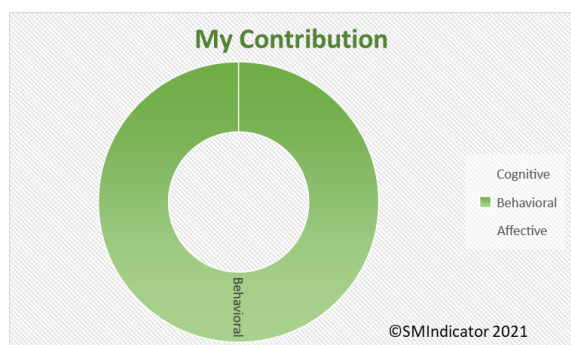
When we allow ourselves to connect from the heart with the reality of the news and find small ways to change our behavior, we are more present and don't need to live with our divided selves. This can be more fulfilling.

You have a valuable gift in your natural empathy. What are some new ways you can connect it with environmentally friendly actions?



Understanding the state of the planet allows us to be more fully aware of the challenges, the complexity of how they are linked to each other, and to explore what it means to us.

**/WHAT IS ASSESSED HERE:
HOW YOU SEE THE RELATION
BETWEEN INDIVIDUAL DECISIONS
AND PLANETARY CHALLENGES, HOW
YOU FEEL ABOUT IT AND THE
IMPACT ON YOUR PERSONAL
BEHAVIORS.**



What this tells you:

This graph shows only one dimension – behavioral - indicating that you are action- oriented. We don't have enough data to report on your feelings about or understanding of this topic.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE THAT you find small ways in which you are contributing to the problems and seek out those changes you could make to be less a “part of the problem” and become part of the solution. This is a wonderful start!

/YOU ARE COMFORTABLE taking a proactive role. Instead of remaining “the victim,” you choose to act. (We cannot comment on your thinking of feelings about this topic, since you indicated -by choosing "neither"- that you did not feel represented by either of the available options).

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

Thinking of how we are personally contributing to the planetary challenges may not be something we do daily. Our demanding lives have many obligations and don't leave much time for reflecting on this. We are busy getting things done!

Yet when analyzing the current un-sustainability of our planet, science has clearly established a link between human behaviors in past decisions and the current problems we face. Much attention is now focused on how to repair the damage done, and how to restore damaged, depleted or endangered resources. Scientists and entrepreneurs study how to minimize current or future problems at the environmental or social level, and how to innovate to avoid negative impacts into the future.

If we collectively influenced the place we find ourselves in now (with all of its problems), that means we also hold the key to influence where we will collectively be in the future – we meaning humankind at large, or, from a closer perspective, our families, children and grandchildren.

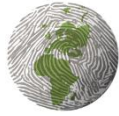
/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

What if you could develop the habit of asking yourself periodically: *how am I contributing to this problem?* This question opens a path of inquiry, which automatically leads to expansion of your consciousness. You become more alert to take notice, and thus more open to try out new behaviors.

This same question, by the way, is also a powerful tool that can improve your relationships and interactions with others! So often we focus on what others are doing unto us, which leaves us powerless. When we learn to pay attention to what is our role in the problems we endure, we regain control and can actually do something.

Actively thinking about your contribution is definitely an important milestone in your personal

development, with planetary implications. The more you observe, the more opportunities you will find to make a real difference with a few simple changes to your behavior and habits.



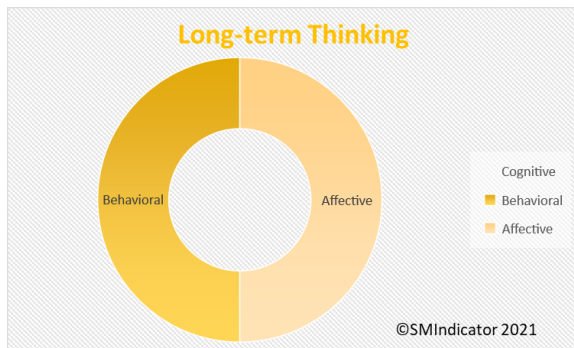
When we identify the ways in which we are unintentionally contributing to the problems, we have a chance to do something about them. It also expands our consciousness, and develops social sensitivity.



/SYSTEMS PERSPECTIVE

When analyzing information and making decisions a SYSTEMS PERSPECTIVE has a major impact on the sustainability of our actions.

**/WHAT IS ASSESSED HERE:
HOW YOU THINK ABOUT THE LONG-TERM IMPACT WHEN ANALYZING AND MAKING DECISIONS, COMPLEMENTING SHORT-TERM THINKING; HOW YOU FEEL ABOUT IT, AND THE IMPACT ON YOUR BEHAVIORS.**



What this tells you:

This graph shows two dimensions, the behavioral and affective. This means that you connect emotionally with this aspect, and act upon it, perhaps without a full understanding of why it is important. You may find it interesting to deepen your understanding of this principle.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE THAT you are a sensitive person who seems to get worried about the long-term impact that your decisions or lifestyle may be having on the planet.

It is difficult to live with this feeling! So, you convert your emotional motivations into actions.

/YOU ARE COMFORTABLE thinking of “what ifs” and the long-term consequences of possible decisions before taking them.

This may not always be welcome in a team setting, but from the perspective of shaping a sustainable world, this contribution is a great asset to yourself and to your working groups.

Your perspective will likely enrich actions, as they result from considering potential impacts in the longer term.

/THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN FURTHER LEVERAGE YOUR STRENGTHS AND MANAGE SOME OF THE LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY BE HOLDING YOU BACK:

Interestingly, according to your questionnaire choices, there seems to be a contradiction between what you feel, how you think about priorities, and how you naturally ponder decisions – the “what ifs” as you consider long term potential impacts. The paradox comes because you also indicated that you view a focus on the short term as a useful way to speed up decisions and avoid hesitation and uncertainty.

Maybe it’s time to check that assumption?

What is the value of a rapid decision if we are creating unwanted consequences? Is avoiding uncertainty worth it?

It is possible that you sense the world around you demanding a fast pace and decisiveness, focusing only on the tangible and short term, and acting as if there were no such thing as a long-term impact. But change never starts as mainstream, and you may be introducing a new way of doing things – for the sustainability of the planet.

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

There is a tacit pressure to act promptly and focus on that which needs immediate attention. This is

very important, and there are many circumstances where this way of responding is the optimal, or even the only one that matters. A fire in the house, for example. We can sense the urgency and it is not a good idea to pause and reflect on the long-term implications of the fire.

But for many daily decisions, the context is different, and yet we still prioritize short term thinking, often without even pondering any medium- or long-term impacts of what we are doing. The stream of life, our colleagues, perhaps everyone with whom we interact takes for granted that we “all” act this way.

On the other hand, with greater understanding of the social and environmental problems we are facing, it has become clear that the law of cause-and-effect is always at play, even if not immediately obvious. In other words, the consequences of our daily actions do have impacts - some over time, some just in a different geography, and many on both.

As with other aspects which are key for a sustainability mindset, it is not a question of choosing one over the other, but a matter of balancing both views and taking both time horizons into account.

This mental habit expands our consciousness, as we become more aware of the way we are impacting others and the world. Not thinking about this doesn't stop it from happening. Stretching our imagination to consider potential impacts across time helps us make better decisions, and play a more active role in shaping a better world.

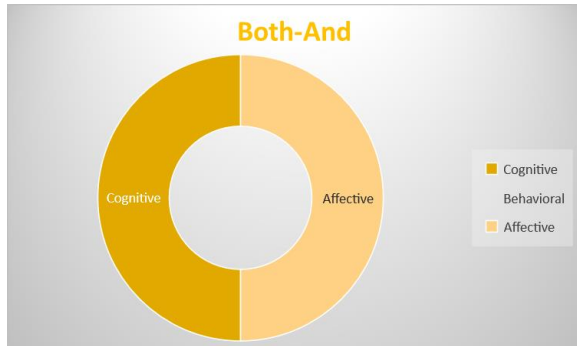
/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

How comfortable are you bringing the long-term perspective into the conversation? Do you sense that sometimes you hold back, because it is not so popular? Are you fully aware that your perspective, by not being culturally mainstream, is what we all need more? Is this something that may encourage you further to speak up?



Every action has consequences that are not immediately visible. Considering the long-term when analyzing situations and making decisions has a positive impact on global sustainability.

**/WHAT IS ASSESSED HERE:
HOW YOU THINK ABOUT AND DEAL
WITH AMBIGUITY AND PARADOXES,
HOW YOU RECOGNIZE DIVERSITY,
FEEL ABOUT IT AND ACT TOWARDS
IT.**



What this tells you:

This graph shows that your approach to the assessed topic is both cognitive and affective. We don't enough have data to report about your behaviors and whether or how your understanding and feelings are converted into actions.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE THAT you know that it is important to listen to other perspectives, and to find solutions that can accommodate diverse needs, even compromising what is important to one or the other.

Furthermore, you are an empathic person. Not being inclusive may also make you feel guilty, selfish, righteous, or irresponsible. This is your internal compass!

You have a very valuable characteristic, particularly in our sustainability-challenged times, where the solutions to our environmental or social problems have to be found considering a wide array of interests and needs.

**/THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN
FURTHER LEVERAGE YOUR
STRENGTHS AND MANAGE SOME
OF THE LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY
BE HOLDING YOU BACK:**

We cannot comment on how your feelings and thinking impact your behaviors, since in the questionnaire you indicated (by choosing "neither") that you did not find yourself represented by either of the available options. Does it occur to you sometimes that you struggle to balance honoring your values, what "is right", with accepting very opposite positions? If that is the case, welcome to life! You are not alone in the struggle. You already have come far in your personal journey, as you can empathize with others. What are the boundaries?

Here are a few thoughts to ponder. We are living in a complex world. Much of our world's sustainability challenges originate in choices such as: "either the planet or the economy" and "either protect the wolves or the farmer, either my way or yours, etc." Yet, either-or choices can be misleading, and have us believe there are win-lose solutions that work. But do they really? If the cost is high, do they still work? When we find ourselves in a situation where we see it the right way, and others are wrong, what may we be missing that others are seeing? Which are situations where either-or thinking is appropriate, and when do we need a creative both-and solution?

It is wonderful to experience our perspective included by others. Since we cannot control what others think or do, but have control over our own way of thinking, there may be an interesting path worth exploring here.

**/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU
CONSIDER THE SM:**

It seems that today, more than ever, we are collectively being confronted with paradoxes and

ambiguity. Increased transparency and access to information from around the world makes us aware of very different ways of thinking, being and acting with which we may not agree or be comfortable.

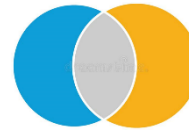
Challenging as this may be, there is a benefit to it: We are becoming aware of our own worldviews just by realizing that there are other ways of seeing and feeling. This is an evolutionary insight of great value, the foundation for more peaceful societies. In a way, life is prompting us to expand our understanding and our scope of caring, which go hand in hand.

When we understand something, we can begin caring. This is the start of a better world for all.

/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

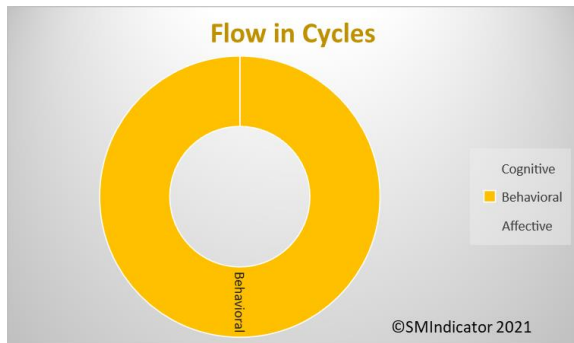
In what areas is inclusive thinking and acting easy for you, and which situations are more challenging? This is your work.

There are multiple daily opportunities to convert your natural empathy into inclusive behaviors. Any thoughts?



Both+and thinking allows us to understand paradoxes, and calls for creative solutions that are inclusive of all stakeholders.

**/WHAT IS ASSESSED HERE:
HOW YOU BALANCE YOUR CAPACITY
TO ANALYZE AND PLAN WITH THE
UNDERSTANDING OF NATURAL
CYCLES, AND MAKE THEM PART OF
YOUR MINDSET.**



What this tells you:

This graph shows only one dimension – behavioral - meaning that you are action- oriented, without much engagement of your feelings and without necessarily thinking about this aspect intellectually. You might use this information to seek ways to expand your understanding and explore your emotions.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE THAT you see yourself aligned with the cyclical flow of nature, and in your behaviors you seek to express an understanding of impermanence.

/YOU ARE COMFORTABLE accepting that things grow, but not forever because there is also decline and death. In our day-to-day, this means accepting ageing and mortality, endings of relationships or certain phases in our life, and new beginnings as well.

In another context, it means that we see ourselves as part of nature, not as its controller-in-charge.

This is a valuable attitude, because it may make your life easier. Like swimming along with the river’s current, it increases your speed, and reduces the stress of resisting obstacles.

/THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN FURTHER LEVERAGE THOSE STRENGTHS AND MANAGE SOME OF THE LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY BE HOLDING YOU BACK:

You see the challenges life offers as opportunities to find intelligent solutions. Indeed, intellectual abilities are important for you, as they permit to control difficult situations, by crafting plans and setting goals to measure progress.

There seems to be a hesitation between the excitement of figuring out how to solve a problem, and the alternative of letting that solution go and observing what happens. A part of you likes to believe in and trust human ingenuity to figure out solutions for our environmental or social problems.

This idea gives you feelings of empowerment and control, which are nice feelings, particularly as they avoid the stress of uncertainty. Sometimes you feel more alive when making plans and implementing them, and derive a sense of fulfillment and satisfaction when you achieve goals you set for yourself.

While planning is a way to feel in control of situations, it is constantly challenged since life - with its countless variables - is too complex to be managed. It may be that same frustration, when things don’t work out as you planned or expected, that reminds you to let go and observe what the events are telling you. What happens when you do so?

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

You may be wondering why planning is related to several key aspects for a sustainability mindset. The connection is not in the planning as an activity per se, but in the way we think and process information when we plan. Planning is about organizing and structuring in order to control outcomes. Planning is linear by definition -one step after the other - and it assumes cause-effect relationships. But what about multi-effects, multi-causes, and feedback loops?

Contrast this with the sustainability problems we are facing. To begin with, they are complex and multidimensional by their very nature. Many are the result of our linear thinking, for example we believe that we can pursue unlimited growth, yet depletion of natural resources shows us this is not possible.

Our reliance on the human mind can create a collective assumption that we are in control, but a “small” manifestation like Covid-19 arrives as a surprise to debunk the myth of our own superiority.

Planning in itself is not the problem but rather, excessive reliance on carefully crafted steps, and forgetting the natural cycles of growth and decline.

/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

Do you see yourself balanced in terms of making and letting go of plans? How do you balance structure and flow, organization and flexibility? What do you see as your personal development challenges in this aspect?

You may want to pay attention to when you get too attached to your plans, and experiment with letting go. Explore what you gain and what you lose by doing so. How aligned are your actions with

the understanding of natural cycles of growth and decline? What implications does this understanding have for you?

There are no linear processes in Nature: Everything flows in cycles of birth, growth, death, and rebirth.

Many aspects of man-made unsustainability of the planet are a result of the misconception that we are not governed by this law of Nature.

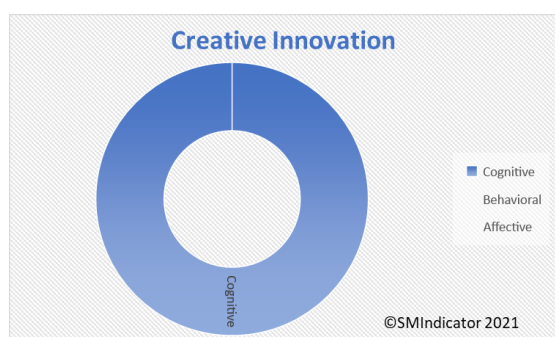




/EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE

Understanding ourselves through the anchors of our identity, the pace of our life, and how we consider our intuitive wisdom are key for a sustainability mindset.

/WHAT IS ASSESSED HERE: HOW YOU INCORPORATE NON- RATIONAL INFORMATION, INTUITIVE KNOWING, CREATIVITY AND IMAGINATION IN ORDER TO BALANCE RATIONAL THINKING, AND HOW YOU FEEL ABOUT IT.



What this tells you:

This graph shows only one dimension – cognitive - indicating that you have knowledge about this aspect, without necessarily connecting it with your behaviors. You might use this information to seek ways to convert your understanding into action.

We don't have enough data to report about your feelings on this topic.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE THAT you have a clear understanding of the value of combining your logical and analytical thinking abilities with creative imagination.

You know that the human mind is capable of great accomplishments, as history has shown, when intuition and creative ideas are coupled with rational thinking and good strategies. You may even trust that our sustainability problems could

be addressed with a good balance of these abilities.

At the same time, **you feel most comfortable** being the contributor of rational thinking when analyzing a problem. You may find yourself in the role of the defender of structure and stability, and the keeper of the status quo. You are careful to avoid what you consider as unnecessary risks.

We cannot comment on your feelings about this topic, since you indicated (by choosing "neither") that you did not find yourself represented by either of the available options.

How well do you balance your strategic thinking with some creative imagination?

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

The reason for this question is that the sustainability challenges we are facing are largely new, and as COVID-19 taught us, increasingly situations arise for which we don't have previous experience or science on which to rely.

We have become more aware of the complexity of our challenges, and we are skeptical of simplistic solutions. This requires entry into uncharted territories. Resilience calls for flexibility in adapting to new situations, and this entails innovating and experimenting. Having no plans or blueprints to follow may be unsettling, and the only choice is to take some risks.

/THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN FURTHER LEVERAGE YOUR STRENGTHS AND MANAGE SOME OF THE LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY BE HOLDING YOU BACK:

How comfortable do you feel when experimenting without knowing? Here is a thought to consider: What are some situations in which you are creative, relaxed and playful? Perhaps cooking or gardening? Playing some team sports? Or around small children? Maybe planning a party?

If you can identify some of these creative and playful moments, in them you have a reservoir of imagination available to tap into. This can help you complement your strategic thinking and maximize your achievements for the benefit of all.

Resilience is based on constant creativity, innovation, and experimentation. When we neglect the non-rational wisdom we have in us, our solutions are missing critical information, and may create negative impacts on the ecosystem and society.



**/WHAT IS ASSESSED HERE:
HOW AWARE YOU ARE ABOUT THE
ANCHORS OF YOUR IDENTITY AND
YOUR VALUES; HOW YOU FEEL AND
ACT IN CONSEQUENCE.**

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE THAT you see the world through a precise lens that is, and has for a long time been, the most widely shared paradigm.

In the world as you (and so many others) see it, you recognize the immense progress that humanity has made, particularly accelerated over the last century. You realize that competition has driven individuals to seek to be better than and outperform others, and the resulting inventions have vastly improved the quality of life for people on this planet.

This progress may have come at a price that we now see, particularly at the environmental or social level, but from your perspective the fallout was not intentional and was justified by the benefits. Human “can-do” spirit and individual ambition will continue developing new solutions.

You are aware that there is an increasing trend to highlight the negative consequences of progress, of capitalism, or of society in general, and this seems to make you feel uncomfortable, even upset.

It is possible that you, yourself, sense a personal tension between the gravity of what we are facing as humanity and your individual bewilderment about what you might actually do to help prevent or solve the problems. For example, you may feel that climate change is too complex to be attributed to our mere daily behaviors.

In addition, the tension may put into question the values with which you were raised or grew up, and this is likely an uncomfortable experience, particularly if these values are important for you, or are an important part of your identity. For instance, achievement, competition, being a winner, not being a loser, and success may be important foundations of who you are. You may wonder what makes them suddenly wrong. These may be difficult dilemmas for you right now.

We cannot comment on your behaviors related to this topic, since you indicated (by choosing “neither”) that you did not find yourself represented by either of the available options.

**/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU
CONSIDER THE SM:**

Let’s pause for a moment.

This survey was designed around the Sustainability Mindset, which is a way of thinking and being, to optimally adapt to the moment in which we are living. This Mindset focuses on using our natural gifts to shape a better future, for ourselves and for all, the ecosystem included.

Research has proven that what may sound overwhelming, actually can be broken down into small, realistic ways to contribute to the greater good, and feel great at the same time. The first step is taking a fresh look at what surrounds us.

Undoubtedly, there are social and environment related challenges everywhere. Some happen locally, others across borders. Science has been linking many of these issues to human behaviors, such as consumption of unhealthy foods, depletion of natural resources, pollution or contamination of air, soil and water. And we are left to deal with the consequences today, trapped in a paradigm that prioritizes values that have a negative impact, such as thoughtless consumption.

/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

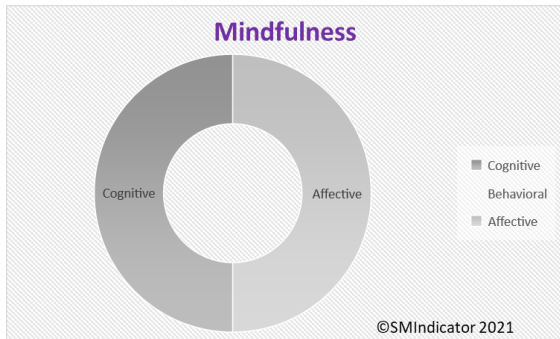
But what if we would realize that some our habits today are (unintentionally) contributing to more of these problems in the future? And vice versa: What if a change in a small habit today could do its part to shape a better future?

Can you think of a habit of yours that might qualify? We don't know what we can until we try. And when we put aside cynicism for a moment, we actually may feel a deep sense of joy. Sometimes we shift our values as a result of a new experience. Worth trying?

When we explore our personal values, beliefs, assumptions and motivations, we gain greater control over our actions and we can see new alternative behaviors.



**/WHAT IS ASSESSED HERE:
HOW YOU THINK ABOUT THE
MEANING, ROLE AND VALUE OF
MINDFULNESS AND ITS PRACTICE,
AND HOW YOU FEEL ABOUT IT.**



What this tells you:

This graph shows that your approach to the assessed topic is both cognitive and affective. We don't enough have data to report about your behaviors and whether or how your understanding and feelings are converted into actions.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE THAT you have a clear understanding of the world we live in and the importance of mindfulness.

You realize that consumption is rewarded, linking “who we are” with “what we do, have, or own”. You see this materialistic pattern in society, with its consequences on how we have to keep busy doing things, seeking to make money to be able to belong, feel respected and valued. You realize the unfortunate impact that this implicit message has on our health and well-being. It's like being

trapped in a race to pursue an elusive and short-lived happiness.

We cannot comment on how your thinking impacts your behaviors, since you indicated (by choosing "neither") that you did not feel represented by either of the available options.

However you seem to experience the tension and stress that comes with the reality you are living. According to your choices in the questionnaire, you have discovered a way to pause and re-center, experiencing a positive impact on how you feel about yourself, and how you interact with others.

It is not clear what strategies you employ to regain your inner calm. Pausing and stepping away from our tasks clears our mind, and we can return with renewed energy. Is this something you remember to do when you need it? If not, how could you help yourself remember it more regularly, or just in time?

/THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN FURTHER LEVERAGE YOUR STRENGTHS AND MANAGE SOME OF THE LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY BE HOLDING YOU BACK:

Given what you notice about the “achievement race” that we live in, how does this align with your experience, and with your values? Does your reality reflect the priorities that are important for you? If not, what are some small changes you might make?

Studies show the physical and emotional consequences of a constant focus on doing, while overlooking the more profound dimensions of “being,” such as reflection, spiritual or religious practices. We all need time to recharge, and to connect with our deeper self.

It may be as simple as going for a walk, listening to your preferred music, dancing, practicing a sport, playing with children or your pet, gardening or creating art.

If these are some of the activities that help you unwind, you are on the right path already. They are called “contemplative practices” because they engage a different part of our brain, creating a ‘buffer zone’ that permits releasing tensions, and many times we end up seeing our challenges in a different light.

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

From the perspective of a sustainability mindset, mindfulness is both a key practice and an amazing result. Research has shown a direct link between individuals that have some contemplative practices not just with their physical and psychological health, but also with the emergence of feelings of empathy and compassion.

This creates a disposition towards positive social and environmental actions, and the resulting satisfaction feeds a positive reinforcing loop. In other words, the better we feel about something we’ve done, the more we seek to repeat the experience.

When we access and display a more balanced version of ourselves, we convey an unspoken message to the people with whom we interact, not just by what we say or how we behave, but through our attitude and energy. This has a proven positive influence on others, as science has identified with the phenomenon of “emotional contagion.”

In other words, when we develop a sense of peace for ourselves, we are also radiating a gift of peace to the world.

You already know that.

/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

What is mindfulness for you today: Is it a practice or a does it form a part of your lifestyle?

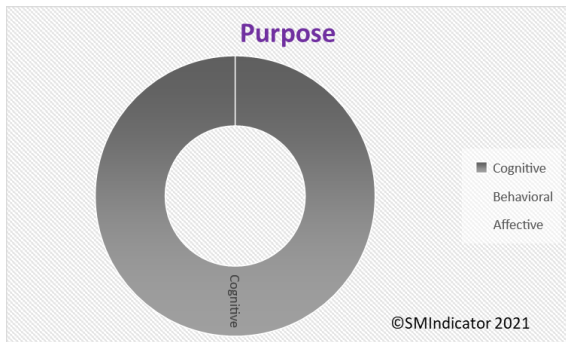
What would need to be true for you to take it to the next level, and what might that look like for you?

How easy is it for you to “catch yourself’ in the moment when you are not fully present, not mindfully listening, or letting your emotional reactions control you, as opposed to your wiser self?

Mindfulness is being fully present, experiencing connectedness with all that is. Mindfulness enhances awareness and compassion, and predisposes to social and environmental actions.



**/WHAT IS ASSESSED HERE:
WHAT YOU THINK ABOUT HAVING A
PURPOSE IN LIFE, PARTICULARLY
SOMETHING THAT IS IN SERVICE TO
OTHERS; HOW THIS FITS YOUR
REALITY AND HOW YOU FEEL ABOUT
IT.**



What this tells you:

This graph shows only one dimension – cognitive - meaning that you have an intellectual understanding about this aspect. You are not necessarily engaging your feelings nor converting them into actions. You might use this information to explore your emotions related to this aspect of the sustainability mindset, and perhaps find ways to convert your understanding into actions.

YOUR SMI RESPONSES INDICATE THAT you think it is important to find a purpose in life, to identify something that, by making a difference, makes our life meaningful.

At the same time, you know how to set priorities, because what is urgent needs attention before what sounds important, like thinking about what is our purpose in life. This is an important skill in times when there seem to be more obligations and

things we are expected to take care of, than hours in a day.

Work, family, relationships, career or health issues can use up all your available energy, often even leaving you with the feeling that nothing you do is enough. When topics arise like contributing to society, you believe this may be something to do once your other obligations diminish and you free up some time, hopefully in retirement.

Because of this combination, you tend to get impatient with people who talk about having a purpose or a mission in life, or “changing the world.” You compare these words with your current reality, and they sounds overoptimistic, grandiose, or unrealistic. Perhaps these people don’t have the same challenges you have to manage, or maybe they just want to look good. Either way, it’s not your reality.

**/THINK ABOUT HOW YOU CAN
LEVERAGE YOUR STRENGTHS AND
MANAGE SOME OF THE
LIMITATIONS WHICH MAY BE
HOLDING YOU BACK:**

All that said, research has shown that individuals who engage in activities of service to the community, volunteering or some kind of initiative for the greater good have a higher sense of wellbeing than those who do not. This includes benefits to health, feelings of joy, increased self-esteem, and personal satisfaction.

In contrast, you may have personally experienced that focusing on the extreme demands of your life sometimes takes a toll on your health, your mood, creating tension or anxiety, disrupts your sleep or impacts how you interact with others. Oftentimes, you don’t feel happy with yourself or with others. Have you asked yourself what you could do to feel better, to lower your stress? Perhaps you have, but the answer you found may have been as long as

your demands remain high, there is not much you can do.

So here, again, some thoughts to evaluate:

Which of the activities that you engage in are a necessity, a “must-do,” and which ones represent a choice? Who would do these activities if it were not you? What would it take to let go of some activities, or perhaps of “how” you do them?

These questions have an agenda: to help you free up some time and space to try out a different experience, one that consists of something you do for others outside your inner circle.

/THOUGHTS TO PONDER WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SM:

The research regarding core aspects for a sustainability mindset identified the role of activities intentionally done for the “greater good.” The state of our planet is such that it requires each of us to step up and play an active role in shaping a better world.

The actions needed, whether large or small, share a similar result: they provide us with a feeling of joy, which then we want to replicate in order to feel good again, thus creating a reinforcing loop. Interestingly, we tend to think that we need to take care of ourselves first, before helping others, but the facts show that when we do small acts of kindness for others, we feel much better ourselves.

/HOW ABOUT YOU TRY:

With this in mind, what are some new experiments you can try? What are some different things for the greater good that you already did, and perhaps could repeat, do regularly, or improve? Which of your natural gifts and skills could you put into service for the greater good, in a cause for which you have a passion?

Don’t get intimidated by grandiose words like ‘changing the world” or having a life mission or purpose. In fact, each small action of kindness has already an impact that we may never be able to imagine. That is also changing the world, one interaction at a time.

Defining our purpose provides an unconscious compass, and when it is grounded in values of our higher self, we actively shape a better world.



[Please click HERE](#)

and provide us with a brief (1 min) Feedback.

Thank you!

